

ASAS JMH
300000UTC AUG.2019
SURFACE ANALYSIS

EXPLANATORY NOTES

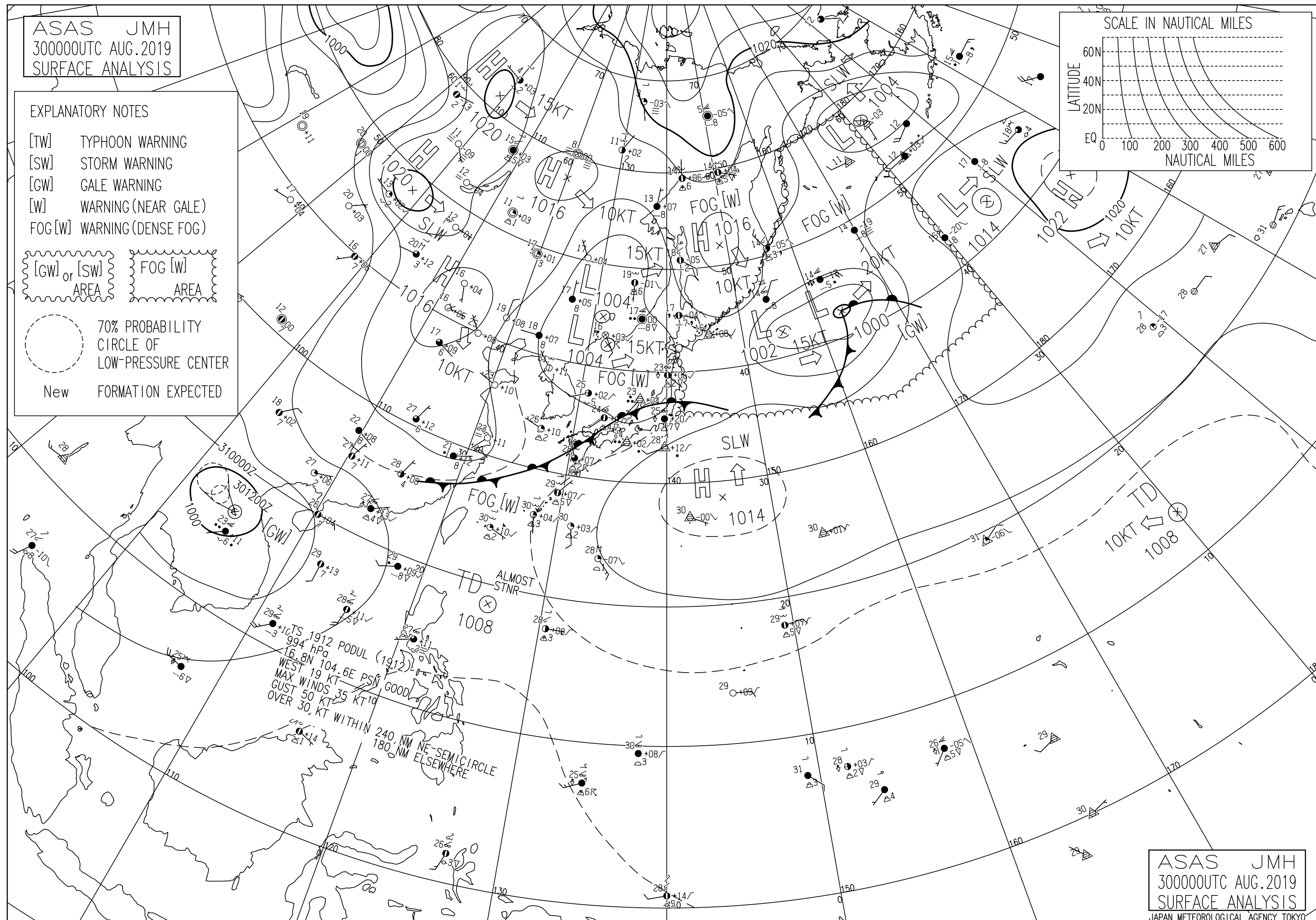
[TW]	TYPHOON WARNING
[SW]	STORM WARNING
[GW]	GALE WARNING
[W]	WARNING (NEAR GALE)
FOG [W]	WARNING (DENSE FOG)

70% PROBABILITY
CIRCLE OF
LOW-PRESSURE CENTER

New FORMATION EXPECTED

SCALE IN NAUTICAL MILES

A graph showing the relationship between Latitude and Nautical Miles. The vertical axis is labeled 'LATITUDE' and has markings for EQ, 20N, 40N, and 60N. The horizontal axis is labeled 'NAUTICAL MILES' and has markings from 0 to 600 in increments of 100. Five curves are plotted, each representing a different latitude. The curves are labeled with their respective latitudes: 60N, 50N, 40N, 30N, and 20N. The curves show that for a given nautical mile distance, the latitude is higher for curves that are further to the left. For example, at 100 nautical miles, the latitude is approximately 60N for the 60N curve and approximately 20N for the 20N curve.



ASAS JMH
300000UTC AUG.2019
SURFACE ANALYSIS

JAPAN METEOROLOGICAL AGENCY TOKYO